INVENTORS

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     35:Dissertation Abs Online 1861-2010/Jun
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         (c) 2010 DECHEMA
File 357:Derwent Biotech Res. _1982-2010/Jul W2
         (c) 2010 Thomson Reuters
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         (c) 2010 Elsevier B.V.
File 74:Int.Pharm.Abs 1970-2010/Jul B1
         (c) 2010 The Thomson Corporation
File 129:PHIND(Archival) 1980-2010/Jul W4
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Set	Items	Description
S1	334	AU=AYERS R?
\$2	530	AU=AYERS, R?
S3	327	AU=SIMSKE S?
S4	396	AU=SIMSKE, S?
S5	31972	AU=MOORE J?
S6	24149	AU=MOORE, J?
S7	4352	AU=CASTILLO M?
S8	1490	AU=CASTILLO, M?
S9	10	AU=GOTTOLI G?
\$10	51	AU=GOTTOLI, G?
\$11	61336	S1:S10
\$12	326	S11 AND NET
S13	3	S12 AND TRICALCIUM
S14	12	S12 AND (ALPHA OR BETA)
S15	14	S13 OR S14
S16	3	RD (unique items)

? t s16/3.k/1-3

Dialog eLink: Order File History 16/3,K/1 (Item 1 from file: 350) DIALOG(R)File 350: Derwent WPIX (c) 2010 Thomson Reuters, All rights reserved.

0014031119

WPI Acc no: 2004-213069/200420

Related WPI Acc No: 2002-546850; 2003-402807

XRAM Acc no: C2004-084471 XRPX Acc No: N2004-168757

Production of porous tricalcium phosphate net-shaped material, useful for orthopedic implants, involves forming reactant mixture comprising calcium oxide and phosphorus pentoxide into desired shape and heating

Patent Assignee: AYERS R A (AYER-I); CASTILLO M (CAST-I); GOTTOLI G

(GOTT-I); MOORE J J (MOOR-I); SIMSKE S J (SIMS-I)

Inventor: AYERS R A; CASTILLO M; GOTTOLI G; MOORE J J; SIMSKE S J

	Patent Family (1 patents, 1 countries)										
Patent Number	Kind	Date	Application Number	Kind	Date	Update	Туре				
US 20040019385	A1	20040129	US 2000234841	P	20000922	200420	В				
			US 2001957829	Α	20010921						
			US 2002199139	Α	20020719						

440000000000000000000000000000000000000			
	TIC 2002621752	Δ	

Priority Applications (no., kind, date): US 2000234841 P 20000922; US 2001957829 A 20010921; US 2002199139 A 20020719; US 2003621752 A 20030716

Patent Details									
Patent Number Kind Lan Pgs Draw Filing Notes									
US 200400193	85 A1	EN	17	7	Related to Provisional	US 2000234841			
					Continuation of application	US 2001957829			
					C-I-P of application	US 2002199139			

Production of porous tricalcium phosphate net-shaped material, useful for orthopedic implants, involves forming reactant mixture comprising calcium oxide and phosphorus... Original Titles: Manufacture of porous net-shaped materials comprising alpha or beta tricalcium phosphate or mixtures thereof Inventor: AYERS R A... ... CASTILLO M... ... GOTTOLI G... ... MOORE J.J... ... SIMSKE S.J. Alerting Abstract ...die is non-combustible. The mixture is heated above its ignition temperature to produce a **net**-shaped material by combustion synthesis reaction, ...the mole percent ratio of calcium oxide and phosphorus pentoxide allows the mixture to form tricalcium phosphate upon combustion. The reactant mixture is formed into desired shape by placing it into... ... is non-combustible. The reactant mixture is heated above its ignition temperature to produce a net-shaped material by combustion synthesis reaction. The material comprises alpha-tricalcium phosphate or a mixture of alpha- and betatricalcium phosphate An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for porous tricalcium phosphate net-shaped material... ... ADVANTAGE - The method accurately controls material parameters of the net-shaped material for obtaining desired porosity surface chemistry and structural material modulus. The net-shaped material provides improved biocompatibility, mechanical stability and reduced stress. Title Terms .../Index Terms/Additional Words: NET: Class Codes Original Publication Data by Authority Argentina Publication No. Inventor name & address: Avers. Reed A... ...Simske, Steven J... ...Moore, John J... ...Castillo, Martin... ...Gottoli, Guglielmo Original Abstracts: Methods for producing porous tricalcium phosphate net-shaped material are provide. The methods involve preparing a reactant mixture comprising calcium oxide and phosphorus pentoxide in a mole percent ratio that allows the mixture to form tricalcium phosphate upon combustion thereof, forming this mixture into a desired final shape in a die with compression, and carrying out a combustion synthesis therewith. Net-shaped TCP materials of the combustion synthesis, comprising alpha tricalcium phosphate or mixtures of alpha and beta tricalcium phosphate, are optionally further treated to effect transition of the alpha phase to the beta phase. The net-shaped TCP materials can have a uniform or non-uniform porosity. Claims: What is claimed is:1. A method of producing a porous tricalcium phosphate net-shaped material having an intended final shape, comprising:(a) preparing a reactant mixture comprising

calcium oxide and phosphorus pentoxide, wherein the mole percent ratio of said calcium oxide and said phosphorus pentoxide allows the reactant mixture to form tricalcium phosphate upon combustion;(b) forming said reactant mixture into said intended final shape by placing said mixture into a combustible or noncombustible die having said intended.... formed reactant mixture to at least the ignition temperature of said mixture to produce a net-shaped material by a combustion synthesis reaction, said material comprising alpha tricalcium phosphate or a mixture of alpha and beta tricalcium phosphate; and(e) optionally subjecting said net-shaped material to conditions sufficient to convert at least a portion of said alpha tricalcium phosphate to beta tricalcium phosphate.

Dialog eLink: Check for PDF Download Availability and Purchase

16/3,K/2 (Item 1 from file: 6)

DIALOG(R)File 6: NTIS

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2422063 NTIS Accession Number: N20040053513/XAB

Effect of Gravity on Porous Tricalcium Phosphate and Nonstoichiometric Titanium Carbide Produced via Combustion Synthesis

Castillo, M.; Moore, J. J.; Schowengerdt, F. D.; Avers, R. A.

Colorado School of Mines, Golden.

Corporate Source Codes: 006683000

Sponsor: National Aeronautics and Space Administration, Washington, DC.

2004 4p

Language: English

Journal Announcement: USGRDR0818

Sponsored by National Aeronautics and Space Administration, Washington, DC. Product reproduced from digital image. Order this product from NTIS by: phone at 1-800-553-NTIS (U.S. customers); (703)605-6000 (other countries); fax at (703)605-6900; and email at orders@ntis.gov. NTIS is located at 5285 Port Royal Road, Springfield, VA, 22161. USA.

NTIS Prices: PC A01/MF A01

Effect of Gravity on Porous Tricalcium Phosphate and Nonstoichiometric Titanium Carbide Produced via Combustion Synthesis

Castillo, M.; Moore, J. J.; Schowengerdt, F. D.; Ayers, R. A.

...are difficult to fabricate by other methods. This processing technique is also capable of near net shape synthesis, while variable gravity allows the manipulation of the structure and composition of the material. The creation of porous tricalcium phosphate (TCP) is advantageous in the biomaterials field, since it is both a biocompatible material and an osteoconductive material. Porous tricalcium phosphate produced via SHS is an excellent candidate for bone scaffold material in

the bone... Descriptors:

16/3,K/3 (Item 1 from file: 35)

DIALOG(R)File 35: Dissertation Abs Online

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01999822 ORDER NO: AADAA-I0806072

Combustion synthesis of porous tricalcium phosphate, titanium carbide, and nonstoichiometric titanium carbide

Author: Castillo, Martin

Degree: Ph.D.

Year: 2004

Corporate Source/Institution: Colorado School of Mines (0052)

Source: Volume 6502B of Dissertations Abstracts International.

PAGE 971.

Combustion synthesis of porous tricalcium phosphate, titanium carbide, and nonstoichiometric titanium carbide

Author: Castillo, Martin

...of the research herein examines the self-propagating high temperature combustion synthesis (SHS) of porous tricalcium phosphate (TCP), titanium carbide, and nonstoichiometric titanium carbide. The emphasis of this research is twofold... ...are difficult to fabricate via other methods. This processing technique is also capable of near net shape synthesis, while variable gravity allows the manipulation of the microstructure of the material. Combustion ...

PATENTS & NPL ABSTRACTS

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File 972:EMBASE 1947-2010/Aug 02
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       2:INSPEC 1898-2010/Jul W4
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       6:NTIS 1964-2010/Aug W1
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File
       8:Ei Compendex(R) 1884-2010/Jul W4
         (c) 2010 Elsevier Eng. Info. Inc.
File 45:EMCare 2010/Jul W4
         (c) 2010 Elsevier B.V.
File 136:BioEngineering Abstracts 1966-2007/Jan
         (c) 2007 CSA.
File 144:Pascal 1973-2010/Jul W4
         (c) 2010 INIST/CNRS
File 24:CSA Life Sciences Abstracts 1966-2010/Jul
         (c) 2010 CSA.
File 23:CSA Technology Research Database 1963-2010/May
         (c) 2010 CSA.
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         (c) 2010 FIZ TECHNIK
File 256:TecTrends 1982-2010/Jul W4
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         (c) 2010 American Chemical Society
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         (c) 2010 The Thomson Corporation
File 129:PHIND(Archival) 1980-2010/Aug W1
         (c) 2010 Informa UK Ltd
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      1220796
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OR NON()WOVEN? OR NET()LIKE OR NETLIKE OR NETSHAP? OR NET()SHAP?
THREAD? OR STRAND? OR FILIFORM? OR FIBER? OR FIBR?) (4N) (FORM? OR MOLD?
OR SHAPE? OR SHAPING OR EXTRUDE? OR RESHAPE? ? OR RESHAPING OR CONTOUR?
OR RECONTOUR? OR CONFIGURE? OR RECONFIGURE? OR PATTERN? OR REPATTERN?
OR DESIGN? OR REDESIGN?)
S2
       101273 (ALPHA OR BETA) (2N) (TRICALCIUM() PHOSPHATE?) OR
TRIBASIC()CALCIUM()PHOSPHATE? OR BONE()ASH OR TRICALCIUM()DIPHOSPHATE?
OR TCP
S3
       185132 CALCIUM()OXIDE OR CAO OR OUICKLIME?
S4
       20786 PHOSPHORUS()PENTOXIDE? OR PHOSPHORUS()OXIDE? OR
PHOSPHORIC () ANHYDRIDE?
               (ORTHOPEDIC? OR DENTAL? OR BONE OR SPINAL OR SPINE OR
      980768
LUMBAR OR BACKBONE OR COSMETIC?) (5N) (APPLICATION? OR RESTORATIVE? OR
RECONSTRUCTIVE? OR REPLACEMENT? OR REMODEL? OR REPAIR? OR SURGERY OR
BIOMATERIAL?)
S6
        1129
              S1 AND S2
S7
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              S1 AND S3
S8
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          23
              S6 AND S7
S10
          3
              S6 AND S8
              S6 AND S5
S11
         175
S12
          74
              S7 AND S5
$13
          1.8
              S8 AND S5
S14
              $11 AND $12
S15
          39
              S9 OR S10 OR S13 OR S14
          27
S16
              RD (unique items)
S17
         14
              S16 NOT PY>2003
              S2 AND S3
S18
        1048
S19
          39
              S18 AND S4
$20
          23
              S18 AND S1
S21
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S22
          15 S19 AND S5
S23
          7 S20 AND S5
S24
          21 S21:S23
S25
          18 RD (unique items)
S26
          8
              S25 NOT PY>2003
S27
          22 S17 OR S26
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? t s27/3,k/1-22

Dialog eLink: Order File History 27/3,K/1 (Item 1 from file: 347) DIALOG(R)File 347: JAPIO (c) 2010 JPO & JAPIO. All rights reserved.

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01927541 HIGH-STRENGTH CRYSTALLIZED GLASS CONTAINING BOTH BETA-TRICALCIUM PHOSPHATE CRYSTAL AND ANORTHITE CRYSTAL AND PRODUCTION THEREOF **Pub. No.:** 61-141641 [JP 61141641 A] **Published:** June 28, 1986 (19860628)

Inventor: KASUGA TOSHIHIRO

NAKAGAWA KENJI

Applicant: HOYA CORP [330074] (A Japanese Company or Corporation), JP (Japan) Application No.: 59-260037 [JP 84260037]

Filed: December 11, 1984 (19841211)

Journal: Section: C, Section No. 384, Vol. 10, No. 335, Pg. 138, November 13, 1986 (19861113)

Image available

HIGH-STRENGTH CRYSTALLIZED GLASS CONTAINING BOTH BETA-TRICALCIUM PHOSPHATE CRYSTAL AND ANORTHITE CRYSTAL AND PRODUCTION THEREOF

ABSTRACT

....an implantation material, by heat-treating crystal glass for a material of body comprising MgO, CaO, SiO(sub 2), P(sub 2)O(sub 5), and Al(sub 2)O(sub...
...CONSTITUTION: Glass having a composition comprising >=90wr% total amounts of 8-26wr% MgO, 18-43wr% CaO, 25-40wr% SiO(sub 2), 10-25wr% P(sub 2)O(sub 5), and 10.....5), and 0-10wr% Ta(sub 2)O(sub 5) is produced, ground into <=200 meshes once, molded into a desired shape, and calcined. The glass is heat-treated at 1,000-1,100 deg.C, and .beta. -tricalclum phosphate crystal, anorthite crystal, and one or more crystals of diposide, forsterite, and akermanite are precipitated... Di01

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DIALOG(R)File 350: Derwent WPIX

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0013425970 Drawing available WPI Acc no: 2003-516782/200349 XRAM Acc no: C2003-139301

XRPX Acc No: N2003-409763

Implant material used as artificial bone supplementation material, is equipped with porous material and skin layer which when irradiated with X-ray at preset condition, shows X-ray diffraction peak with preset half peak width

Patent Assignee: NGK SPARK PLUG CO LTD (NITS)

Inventor: HATTORI M: OKADA T: OKURA T: OTSUKA H

Patent Family (1 patents, 1 countries)											
Patent Number	Kind	Date	Ap	plication Number	Kind	Date	Update	Туре			
JP 2003062061	A	20030304	JΡ	2001252073	Α	20010822	200349	В			

Priority Applications (no., kind, date): JP 2001252073 A 20010822

Patent Details

	1 444				
Patent Number	Kind	Lan	Pgs	Draw	Filing Notes
JP 2003062061	A	JA	10	3	

Alerting Abstract ... USE - As artificial bone supplementation material in medical specialties, such as orthopedics, plastic surgery, brain surgery, oral and maxillofacial surgery, and dentistry... Extension Abstract ... COMPOUNDS - The porous material consists of calcium-phosphate group compound which is hydroxyapatite and/or tribasic calcium phosphate. consisting of 5 mass% of calcium phosphate group glass-frit (90 mol% or more of calcium oxide-phosphorus pentaoxide) and hydroxyapatite powder having mean particle diameter of 0.6 mum. The obtained slurry was... ... of 200 mum. The crystal phase of the porous material surface was found to contain tribasic calcium phosphate and hydroxyapatite, by X-ray analysis. The porous material was immersed into a solution containing Extension Abstract Image

Dialog eLink: Order File History 27/3,K/3 (Item 2 from file: 350) DIALOG(R)File 350: Derwent WPIX

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0013093161

WPI Acc no: 2003-174120/200317

Related WPI Acc No: 2004-096856; 2006-330007

XRAM Acc no: C2003-045451

XRPX Acc No: N2003-137062

Production of hard tissue scaffold used in bone repair and reconstruction comprises melting selected glass composition, controlling resorption rate of glass and forming fibers

Patent Assignee: JANAS V F (JANA-I); TENHUISEN K S (TENH-I)

Inventor: JANAS V F; TENHUISEN K S

Patent Family (1 patents, 1 countries)									
Patent Number Kind Date Application Number Kind Date Update Type									
US 20020139147	A1	20021003	US 2001772363	A	20010130	200317 B			

Priority Applications (no., kind, date): US 2001772363 A 20010130

Patent Details

Patent Number	Kind	Lan	Pgs	Draw Filing Notes
US 20020139147	A1	EN	7	0

Production of hard tissue scaffold used in bone repair and reconstruction comprises melting selected glass composition, controlling resorption rate of glass and forming fibers Alerting Abstract ... melted state for a specific period to control the resorption rate of the glass, and forming fibers. ... USE - Used in biological applications, particularly as bone implants used in bone repair and reconstruction ... Technology Focus INORGANIC CHEMISTRY - Preferred Process; The process also includes forming fiber types from the same selected glass composition, with each fiber type having an associated resorption... ...upon an associated period in which the glass is held in the molten state. The fiber types are formed into a common textile structure having a predetermined spacial distribution of each fiber type. The process also includes combining a matrix material with the fibers to form a scaffold. The process also includes adding bone growth agents and a medicament to the... ... 1-100 mum. The glass comprises a phosphate and includes calcium oxide, iron oxide and phosphorus pentoxide in a molar ratio of 16.5-33.5:16.5-33.5:50.0... Extension Abstract EXAMPLE - Reagent grades of calcium oxide, iron oxide and phosphorus pentoxide in a molar ratio of 16.5:33.5:50 were mixed and melted in ... Original Publication Data by Authority Argentina Publication No. ... Claims: state for a selected time to control the resorption rate of the glass; and (d) forming the glass into fibers.

Dialog eLink: Order File History 27/3,K/4 (Item 3 from file: 350) DIALOG(R)File 350: Derwent WPIX (c) 2010 Thomson Reuters. All rights reserved.

0010914199

WPI Acc no: 2001-535543/200159 XRAM Acc no: C2001-159450 XRPX Acc No: N2001-397658

Making biocompatible, bioresorbable ceramic implant device useful as scaffolds to facilitate bone healing or replace defects of hard tissue, by impregnating an organic fabric with metal and phosphate ceramic precursors

Patent Assignee: ETHICON ÎNC (ETHI); JÂNAS V F (JANA-I); TENHUISEN K S (TENH-I)

Inventor: JANAS V F; TENHUISEN K S

	Patent Family (2 patents, 1 countries)										
Patent Number Kind	Date	Application Number	Kind	Date	Update	Туре					
US 20010016353 A1	20010823	US 1999333231	A	19990614	200159	В					

			US 2001819214	Α	20010328
US 6667049	B2	20031223	US 2001819214	Α	20010328 200408 E

Priority Applications (no., kind, date): US 1999333231 A 19990614; US 2001819214 A 20010328

Patent Details										
Patent Number	Kind	Lan	Pgs	Draw	Filing Notes					
US 20010016353	A1	EN	8	2	Division of application US 1999333231					

Alerting Abstract ... and at least one phosphate ceramic precursor; heat treating the organic textile to oxide the fabric and form the biocompatible, bioresorbable ceramic green body; and sintering the biocompatible, bioresorbable ceramic, to yield resorbable hard tissue scaffolds... ... or animal tissue, such as bone or cartilage. These scaffolds are useful as implant materials for the replacement of defects or hollow portions of hard tissue resulting from external injury or surgical removal... Technology Focus ...INORGANIC CHEMISTRY - Preferred Method: The phosphorous source consists of triethyl phosphate, triethylphosphite, alkoxides of phosphorus, phenyl dichlorophosphine, phenyl dichlorophosphate, H3PO4, H3PO4 hydrates, H3PO3, P2O5, H4P2O7 or combinations of these. The... Extension Abstract Original Publication Data by AuthorityArgentinaPublication No. ...Original Abstracts:template with metal and phosphate ceramic precursors, heat treating the impregnated fabric to decompose the fabric to form a ceramic green body, and sintering the ceramic green body to form the scaffold which has a form analogous to that of the fabric template. Impregnating the fabric may be by soaking the fabric in a solution or sol containing the ceramic precursors. The fabric may be formed into a laminate prior to heat treating. Sintering results in fibers of the fabric being cross-sintered with one another to form a threedimensional scaffold structure having controlled pore size and distribution. The scaffold may be treated... ... Claims: at least one phosphate ceramic precursor, b) heat treating the organic textile to oxidize the fabric and form the biocompatible, bioresorbable ceramic green body, andc) sintering the biocompatible, bioresorbable ceramic, to yield resorbable hard tissue scaffolds... ... at least one phosphate ceramic precursor,b) heat treating the organic fabric to oxidize the fabric and form a biocompatible, bioresorbable ceramic green body, andc) sintering the biocompatible, bioresorbable ceramic green body, thereby forming said resorbable hard tissue scaffold.

Dialog eLink: Order File History 27/3,K/5 (Item 4 from file: 350) DIALOG(R)File 350: Derwent WPIX (c) 2010 Thomson Reuters, All rights reserved. WPI Acc no: 1999-167385/199914 XRAM Acc no: C1999-048923

Biologically active glass-based cell growth substrate - containing biodegradable polymer, useful in prostheses, e.g. for filling bone defects, or in vitro applications

Patent Assignee: US BIOMATERIALS CORP (USBI-N) Inventor: FOSMOE A: LATORRE G: LEE S: ZHONG J

		Patent Far	nily (2 patents, 80 co	untries)		
Patent Number	Kind	Date	Application Number	Kind	Date	Update	Туре
WO 1999007777	A1	19990218	WO 1998US16470	Α	19980807	199914	В
AU 199888251	Α	19990301	AU 199888251	Α	19980807	199928	E

Priority Applications (no., kind, date): US 199755059 P 19970808

	Patent Details									
Patent Number	Kind	Lan	Pgs	Draw	Filing N	lotes				
WO 1999007777	A1	EN	24	0						
National Designated States,Original	EE ES LK LF	AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CU CZ DE DK EE ES FI GB GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT KO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT UA UG US UZ VN YU ZW								
Regional Designated States,Original	1	AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW NL OA PT SD SE SZ UG ZW								
AU 199888251	Α	EN			Based on OPI patent	WO 1999007777				

...containing biodegradable polymer, useful in prostheses, e.g. for filling bone defects, or in vitro applications Alerting Abstract ...bioactive glass is dispersed, where the glass comprises silicon dioxide, sodium oxide, calcium oxide and phosphorus pentoxide and the combination of polymer and glass provides a three dimensional matrix suitable for cell... Documentation Abstract ...bioactive glass is dispersed, where the glass comprises silicon dioxide, sodium oxide, actium oxide and phosphorus pentoxide and the combination of polymer and glass provides a three dimensional matrix suitable for cell... ... the form of a melt-derived glass, a sol-gel derived composition, a sintered glass derived composition or spun fibres. Documentation Abstract Image Original Publication Data by Authority Argentina Publication No. ...Original Abstracts:for growing tissue, including bone, are disclosed. The glass is formed from oxides of silicon, phosphorus, sodium, and calcium, and is dispersed within a porous biodegradable polymer to form a three dimensional...

Dialog eLink: Order File History 27/3,K/6 (Item 5 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R)File 350: Derwent WPIX

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0007900214

WPI Acc no: 1996-261404/199627 XRAM Acc no: C1996-082773 XRPX Acc No: N1996-219912

Biocompatible composite materials used e.g. as implantable bone defect substitutes -comprise 1st absorbable phase comprising polymer formed from aliphatic lactone monomers and 2nd resorbable phase comprising osteo-inductive or -conductive calcium-contg. cpd

Patent Assignee: ETHICON INC (ETHI); JOHNSON & JOHNSON (JOHJ)

Inventor; CHEN C C; COOPER K; SCOPELIANOS A; SCOPELIANOS A G

Patent Number	Kind	Date	Application Number	Kind	Date	Update	Туре
EP 714666	A1	19960605	EP 1995308600	A	19951129	199627	В
AU 199537953	A	19960606	AU 199537953	A	19951120	199630	Е
CA 2164045	A	19960531	CA 2164045	A	19951129	199638	E
JP 8215299	A	19960827	JP 1995332566	A	19951129	199644	E
ZA 199510147	A	19970827	ZA 199510147	A	19951129	199740	E
US 5679723	A	19971021	US 1994346652	A	19941130	199748	E
			US 1995416389	A	19950406		
			US 1996710691	A	19960919		
BR 199505580	A	19971104	BR 19955580	A	19951130	199751	Е
US 5747390	A	19980505	US 1994346652	A	19941130	199825	E
			US 1995416383	A	19950406		
			US 1996603570	A	19960220		

Priority Applications (no., kind, date): US 1994346652 A 19941130; EP 1995308600 A 19951129

Patent Details								
Patent Number	Kind	Lan	Pgs	Draw	Filing Notes			
EP 714666	A1	EN	17	1				
Regional Designated States,Original	DE F	R GB	IT					

CA 2164045	Α	EN					
JP 8215299	A	JA	21				
ZA 199510147	A	EN	57				
US 5679723	Α	EN	10	1	Division of application	US	1994346652
					Continuation of application	US	1995416389
BR 199505580	A	PT					
US 5747390	A	EN			Division of application	US	1994346652
			T		Continuation of application	US	1995416383

Alerting Abstract ... composites may be moulded into implantable medical devices such as bone defect substitutes, bone waxes, bone regenerating substitutes and cartilage replacements. The composites may be extruded into fibres which can form yarn or meshes for reinforcing devices. Liq. forms of the composites are used to coat biocompatible substrates. The composites may also be moulded... Documentation Abstract ...a) an absorbable substrate selected from woven meshes, nonwoven meshes, knitted meshes, yarns and fibres of absorbable polyesters formed from aliphatic lactone monomers selected from p-dioxanone, trimethylene carbonate, epsilon-caprolactone, glycolide, lactide (l, d, dl, meso), delta-valerolactone, beta-butyrolactone, epsilondecalactone, 2.5-diketomorpholine, pivalolactone, alpha, alpha-diethylpropiolactone, ethylene carbonate, ethylene oxalate, 3-methyl-1,4-dioxane-2,5-dione, 3,3-diethyl-1,4dioxan... ... composites may be moulded into implantable medical devices such as bone defect substitutes, bone waxes, bone regenerating substitutes and cartilage replacements. The composites may be extruded into fibres which can form varn or meshes for reinforcing devices. Liq. forms of the composites are used to coat biocompatible substrates.... ... calcium phosphate, hydroxyapatite, fluoroapatite, calcium sulphate, calcium fluoride, calcium oxide, silica, sodium oxide, and/or phosphorus pentoxide particle size 100-500 mum. (AB) Documentation Abstract Image

Dialog eLink: Order File History 27/3,K/7 (Item 6 from file: 350) DIALOG(R)File 350: Derwent WPIX (c) 2010 Thomson Reuters, All rights reserved,

0004061821

WPI Acc no: 1987-162895/198723 XRAM Acc no: C1987-067763

Surgical bone repair cements for dental and medical applications - contg. bone substitute and water soluble, polyfunctional carboxylic acid

Patent Assignee: UNIV OF DAYTON (UYDA-N)

Inventor: BAJPAI P K

Patent Family (1 patents, 1 countries)									
Patent Number	Kind	Date	Application N	lumber	Kind	Date	Update 7	Гуре	
US 4668295	A	19870526	US 19857268	68	A	19850425	198723 I	3	

Priority Applications (no., kind, date): US 1985726868 A 19850425

	Pat	ent D	etail	s		
Patent Number	Kind	Lan	Pgs	Draw	Filing	Notes
US 4668295	A	EN	4	0		

Surgical bone repair cements for dental and medical applications - Alerting Abstract ...2-10C carboxylic acid (III) per 100 pts. (II). (II) is (non)resorbable and is beta-tricalcium phosphate, hydroxyapatite, milled freeze dried bone or a synthetic Ca contg. material (Ca aluminates and phosphates or alumino-calcium oxide-phosphorus pentoxide ceramics). Pref. (II) has a particle size of less than 400 mesh. (I) may also... ... USE/ADVANTAGE - (I) can be used in orthopaedic, oral and maxillofacial surgery in making bone grafts, bone scaffolds, bone replacements or protheses. These materials may be non-, totally- or partially bioabsorbable. (I) is a fast... Original Publication Data by AuthorityArgentinaPublication No. Original Abstracts: Surgical bone repair cements useful in medical and/or dental applications comprising a bone substitute such as hydroxyapatite, tricalcium phosphate or aluminocalcium oxide-phosphorous pentoxide ceramic and a polyfunctional carboxylic acid such as malic acid, alphaketoplutaric acid or critic acid as...

Dialog eLink: Order File History 27/3,K/8 (Item 7 from file: 350) DIALOG(R)File 350: Derwent WPIX (c) 2010 Thomson Reuters. All rights reserved.

0004028206

WPI Acc no: 1987-126833/198718 Related WPI Acc No: 1983-18194K

XRAM Acc no: C1987-052790 XRPX Acc No: N1987-094822

Calcium phosphate fibre used in bone implants - has its surface (partially) coated with calcium phosphate cpd. e.g. hydroxy apatite

Patent Assignee: MITSUBISHI MINING & CEMENT CO (MISE)

Inventor: FUJISAWA T; FUKUDA Y; KOBAYASHI M; ONO M; TAGAI H;

TAKEUCHI H

	Patent F	family (1 patents, 1 countries)		
Patent Number Kind	Date	Application Number Kind	Date	Update Type

JP 62069823	A	19870331 J	P 1981102213	A	19810702 198718 B
		[]	P 1986213773	A	19850924

Priority Applications (no., kind, date): JP 1981102213 A 19810702; JP 1986213773 A 19850924

Patent Details										
Patent Number	Kind	Lan	Pgs	Draw	Filing	Notes				
JP 62069823	A	JA	7	0						

Alerting Abstract ...Calcium phosphate fibre has mol. ratio of Ca/P 0.6-1.7 and CaO + P2O5 more than 80 wt.% and a calcium phosphate cpd. in at least one sectionhydroxy apatite of the formula Ca10(PO4)6 (OH2) or Ca5(PO4)3 OH and TCP. They are pref. heated at 500-1350 deg.C. The hydroxy apatite powder is used with the fibre. The fibre is mfd. by melt-spinning calcium phosphate through nozzle to form calcium phosphate fibre.ADVANTAGE - The fibre is a bone formation accelerator. Calcium phosphate fibre has good affinity to living organism without contamination reaction and is used as filler material

Dialog eLink: USP10 Full Text Retrieval Options

27/3,K/9 (Item 1 from file: 155) DIALOG(R)File 155: MEDLINE(R)

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14224570 PMID: 11309786

Mechanical and histological evaluations of hydroxya patite-coated and noncoated Ti6Al4V implants in tibia bone.

Chang C K; Wu J S; Mao D L; Ding C X

Open Laboratory for High Temperature Materials and High Temperature Tests, Shanghai Jiao Tong University, P.R. China, ckchang@mail1.situ.wsu.cn

Journal of biomedical materials research ($United\ States$) $\ Jul\ 2001\ ,\ 56\ (1)\ p17-23\ ,$

ISSN: 0021-9304--Print 0021-9304--Linking Journal Code: 0112726

Publishing Model Print

Document type: Comparative Study; Evaluation Studies; Journal Article; Research Support. Non-U.S. Gov't

Languages: ENGLISH
Main Citation Owner: NLM

Record type: MEDLINE; Completed

...the as-received coatings consisted mainly of amorphism and HAP phase. Other phases such as TCP and CaO were identified due to thermal changes of HAP particles in plasma flame. SEM micrographs showed..._attachment between HAP coating and newly

formed bone. However, noncoated implants were separated from newly **formed** bone by **fibrous** tissues. Ti ions were found to be released into the surrounding environment after long time... (

Dialog eLink: USPTO Full Text Retrieval Options

27/3,K/10 (Item 2 from file: 155)

DIALOG(R)File 155: MEDLINE(R)

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14174044 PMID: 11246952

Structure and immersion behavior of plasma-sprayed apatite-matrix coatings.

Ding S J; Su Y M; Ju C P; Lin J H

Institute of Dental Materials, Chung-Shan Medical and Dental College, Taichung,

Taiwan, ROC.

Biomaterials (England) Apr 2001, 22 (8) p833-45, ISSN: 0142-9612--Print 0142-

9612--Linking Journal Code: 8100316

Publishing Model Print

Document type: In Vitro; Journal Article; Research Support, Non-U.S. Gov't

Languages: ENGLISH

Main Citation Owner: NLM

Record type: MEDLINE; Completed

...properties of a series of plasma-sprayed coatings from sinter-granulated powders fabricated from SiO2, CaO, P2O5 and Na2O-containing HA composite powders on Ti-6Al-4V substrate were reported. The....showed that sinter-granulated apatite-matrix powders were irregularly shaped and appeared quite similar. XRD patterns showed that during fabrication of the powders, P2O5 and SiO2 enhanced the decomposition of HA structure, while CaO and Na2O did not. Reasonably high bond strengths (45-50 MPa) were obtained from all.....different phases. When immersed in SBF, the intensities of such phases as alpha- and beta-TCP in all coatings decreased with immersion time and an apatite precipitation took place on all coating surfaces. The immersed SiO2- and CaO-containing HA (HSC) coating had the highest rate of apatite precipitation among all coatings. The.....HSC-immersed solution reached its maximal Ca concentration the earliest, while the HSCP (HA, SiO2, CaO and P2O5)-immersed solution reached its maximum the latest. (

Dialog eLink: USPRO Full Text Reducted Options

27/3,K/11 (Item 1 from file: 5)

DIALOG(R)File 5: Biosis Previews(R)

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16152998 Biosis No.: 200100324837

Mechanical and histological evaluations of hydroxyapatite-coated and noncoated Ti6A14V implants in tibia bone

Author: Chang C K (Reprint); Wu J S; Mao D L; Ding C X

Author Address: Open Laboratory for High Temperature Materials and High Temperature Tests, Shanghai Jiao Tong University, 1954 Huashan Road, Shanghai,

200030, China** China

Journal: Journal of Biomedical Materials Research 56 (1): p 17-23 July, 2001 2001

Medium: print ISSN: 0021-9304

Document Type: Article Record Type: Abstract Language: English

Abstract: ...the as-received coatings consisted mainly of amorphism and HAP phase. Other phases such as TCP and CaO were identified due to thermal changes of HAP particles in plasma flame. SEM micrographs showed.....attachment between HAP coating and newly formed bone. However, noncoated implants were separated from newly formed bone by fibrous tissues. Ti ions were found to be released into the surrounding environment after long time...

Dialog eLink: (USP10, Entl Texa Rentieval Options

27/3,K/12 (Item 2 from file: 5)

DIALOG(R)File 5: Biosis Previews(R)

(c) 2010 The Thomson Corporation. All rights reserved.

16015375 Biosis No.: 200100187214

Structure and immersion behavior of plasma-sprayed apatite-matrix coatings

Author: Ding S J; Su Y M; Ju C P; Chern Lin J H (Reprint)

Author Address: Department of Materials Science and Engineering, National Cheng-

Kung University, 70101, Tainan, Taiwan**Taiwan

Journal: Biomaterials 22 (8): p 833-845 April, 2001 2001

Medium: print ISSN: 0142-9612 Document Type: Article Record Type: Abstract Language: English

Abstract: ...properties of a series of plasma-sprayed coatings from sinter-granulated powders fabricated from SiO2, CaO, P2O5 and Na2O-containing HA composite powders on Ti-6AL-4V substrate were reported. The... ...showed that sinter-granulated apatitematrix powders were irregularly shaped and appeared quite similar. XRD patterns showed that during fabrication of the powders, P2O5 and SiO2 enhanced the decomposition of HA structure, while CaO and Na2O did not. Reasonably high bond strengths (45-50 MPa) were obtained from all.....different phases. When immersed in SBF, the intensities of such phases as alpha- and beta-TCP in all coatings decreased with

immersion time and an apatite precipitation took place on all coating surfaces. The immersed SiO2- and CaO-containing HA (HSC) coating had the highest rate of apatite precipitation among all coatings. The... ...HSC-immersed solution reached its maximal Ca concentration the earliest, while the HSCP (HA, SiO2, CaO and P2O5)-immersed solution reached its maximum the latest.

Registry Numbers: ...calcium oxide;phosphorus pentoxide;

Enzyme Commission Number:

DESCRIPTORS:

Chemicals & Biochemicals: ...calcium oxide--... ...phosphorus pentoxide--

Dialog eLink: (ISPTO Full Text Retrieval Options)

27/3,K/13 (Item 1 from file: 972) DIALOG(R)File 972: EMBASE

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0078571476 EMBASE/MEDLINE No: 2001177618

Mechanical and histological evaluations of hydroxyapatite-coated and noncoated Ti6A14V implants in tibia bone

Chang C.K.; Wu J.S.; Mao D.L.; Ding C.X.

Open Lab. High Temp. Mat. High T., Shanghai Jiao Tong University, 1954 Huashan Road, Shanghai 200030, China

Author email: ckchang@mail1.situ.wsu.cn

Corresp. Author/Affil: Chang C.K.: Open Lab. for High Temp. Mat., Shanghai Jiao Tong University. 1954 Huashan Road. Shanghai 200030. China

Corresp. Author Email: ckchang@mail1.sjtu.wsu.cn

Journal of Biomedical Materials Research (J. Biomed. Mater. Res.) (United States) May 28, 2001 , 56/1 (17-23)

CODEN: JBMRB ISSN: 0021-9304

Item Identifier (DOI): $\underline{10.1002/1097-4636(200107)56:1<17::AID-JBM1063>3.0.CO;2-T$

Document Type: Journal; Article Record Type: Abstract Language: English Summary language: English

Number of References: 15

...the as-received coatings consisted mainly of amorphism and HAP phase. Other phases such as TCP and CaO were identified due to thermal changes of HAP particles in plasma flame. SEM micrographs showed....attachment between HAP coating and newly formed bone. However, noncoated implants were separated from newly formed bone by fibrous tissues. Ti ions were found to be released into the surrounding environment after long time...

SECTION HEADINGS:

Biophysics, Bioengineering and Medical Instrumentation

Orthopedic Surgery

Dialog eLink: UNPTO Foil Text Renieval Options

27/3,K/14 (Item 1 from file: 2) DIALOG(R)File 2: INSPEC

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06759967

Title: Interrelationshlp between bioceramics and mice osteoclast in culture Author(s): Nall, B. 1: Benghuzzi, H. 1: Puckett, A. 1: Parsell, D. 1: Robert, B. 1: Tucci, M. 1

Affiliation(s):

¹ Univ. of Mississippi Med. Center, Jackson, MS, USA

Book Title: Proceedings of the 1997 16th Southern Biomedical Engineering Conference

(Cat. No.97TH8270)

Inclusive Page Numbers: 279-82 Publisher: IEEE, New York, NY Country of Publication: USA Publication Date: 1997

Conference Title: Proceedings of the 1997 16 Southern Biomedical Engineering

Conference

Conference Date: 4-6 April 1997

Conference Location: Biloxi, MS, USA

Conference Sponsor: Mississippi State Univ. Dept. Agricultural & Biological Eng. Univ. Mississippi Med. Center Dept. Restorative Dentistry/Biomater., Orthopaedic Surgery, Div. Continuing Health Professional Educ. IEEE/Eng. Med. & Biology Soc

Editor(s): Bumgardner, J.D. Puckett, A.D.

ISBN: 0-7803-3869-3

U.S. Copyright Clearance Center Code: 0 7803 3869 3/97/\$10.00

Item Identifier (DOI): 10.1109/SBEC.1997.583285

Number of Pages: xviii+486 Language: English Subfile(s): A (Physics)

INSPEC Update Issue: 1997-046

Copyright: 1997, IEE

Abstract: ... this study was to investigate the effect of various biomedical ceramics such as tricalcium phosphate (TCP), hydroxyapatite (HA), and aluminum-calcium-phosphorus oxide (ALCAP) on the adherence and viability of mice osteoclast (OT) in vitro. The OT cells...... standard laboratory procedures. Cells were plated in each micrometer-well pretreated with ceramic capsules (HA, TCP and ALCAP) and buffered control. At the end of 1, 2, 3 and 5 days..... this experiment suggest that: (i) OT are capable of adhering to the surface of HA, TCP and ALCAP in an in vitro environment for over a 5 day period; (ii) Long...... after contacting a cellular environment. This observation suggest that the material surface has been modified (TCP>HA=ALCAP). Information obtained from this study provided new insights on the interrelationship

between bioceramics...

Descriptors: bone; cellular biophysics; ceramics; prosthetics; surgery Identifiers: ... mice osteoclast; culture; bone; surgical implantation; osteoclastic response; biomedical ceramics; tricalcium phosphate; hydroxyapatite; aluminum-calcium-phosphorus oxide; adherence; viability; adult male mice; micrometer-well; ceramic capsules; buffered control; cell number; biochemical analysis... ... inflammation; implantation site; 1 d; 2 d; 3 d; 5 d; Ca3(PO4)2; Al2O3-CaO-P2O5; Ca1(PO4)6(OH)2

Dialog eLink: USPTO Full Text Retrieval Options

27/3,K/15 (Item 1 from file: 144)

DIALOG(R)File 144: Pascal

(c) 2010 INIST/CNRS. All rights reserved. 14704017 PASCAL No.: 00-0379386

Crystallization and microstructure analysis of calcium phosphate-based glass ceramics for biomedical applications

YONG ZHANG; SANTOS J D

Laboratorio de Biomateriais, Instituto de Engenharia Biomedica (INEB),

Rua do Campo Alegre 823, 4150 Porto, Portugal; Departamento de Engenharia

Metalurgica e Materiais, Faculdade de Engenharia da Universidade do Porto

(FEUP), Rua dos Bragas, 4099 Porto, Portugal

Journal: Journal of non-crystalline solids,

2000, 272 (1) 14-21

Language: English

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Calcium phosphate glasses and glass ceramics (CaO/P SUB 2 0 SUB 5 =1.25 in molar ratio) modified by small amounts...

...By adding higher contents of Na SUB 2 O and TiO SUB 2 and using CaO /P SUB 2 O SUB 5 =1.5-2.0, crystallization of beta -DCP and Ca SUB 3 (PO SUB 4) SUB 2 (beta - π CP), and the formation of a dense structure in the qlass ceramics were obtained. The precipitation...

 \dots formed $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right)$ after the soluble phases are dissolved in physiological media.

These glass ceramics with high CaO/P SUB 2 O SUB 5 ratio, modified by the above mentioned additives are expected to find use as implants for

bone replacement /regeneration and drug delivery carriers synergistically, because the soluble phases may act as drug delivery...

...English Descriptors: analysis; Microstructure; X ray diffraction; Differential thermal analysis; Scanning electron microscopy; Dispersive

spectrometry; Energy dispersion; Phosphorus Oxides; Calcium Oxides; Magnesium Oxides; Sodium Oxides; Titanium Oxides; Zirconium Oxides

... French Descriptors: Dispersion energie: Phosphore Oxyde: Calcium Oxyde;

Magnesium Oxvde; Sodium Oxyde; Titane Oxyde; Zirconium Oxyde; Systeme CaO P205; Ca O P; Systeme CaO MgO Na20 P205; Ca Mg Na O P; Systeme CaO Na20 P205 TiO2: Ca Na O P Ti: Systeme CaO MgO Na20 P205 TiO2 ZrO2; Ca Mg Na O P Ti Zr

Dialog eLink: USPTO fauli Text Retrieval Options

27/3 K/16 (Item 2 from file: 144) DIALOG(R)File 144: Pascal

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PASCAL No.: 00-0072784 14416031

Kinetics of thermal decomposition of hydroxyapatite bioceramics CIHLAR J; BUCHAL A; TRUNEC M

Department of Ceramics, Institute of Materials Engineering, Technical University of Brno, Technicka 2, 616 69 Brno, Czech Republic Journal: Journal of materials science,

1999, 34 (24) 6121-6131

Language: English

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... 0.5. At temperatures between 1473 and 1758 K the hydroxyapatite was alpha -TCP, H SUB 2 0 and CaO . The

decomposed to decomposition of HOA started on the surface of the HOA ceramics. The

of increase in the thickness of the reaction products (alpha -TCP) was described by the parabolic law. The kinetic analysis of the

dependence of HOA conversion to TCP by means of the J-M-A-J-K equation also showed that the thermal...

Spanish Descriptors: Biomaterial: Hidroxiapatito: Calcio Fosfato: Fabricacion; Moldeo por inveccion; Sinterizacion; Descomposicion termica; Cinetica; Difraccion RX; Estudio experimental

Dialog eLink: USPTO Full Text Retrieval Options

27/3,K/17 (Item 1 from file: 23)

DIALOG(R)File 23: CSA Technology Research Database

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0006224760 IP Accession No: 200106-57-0873; 200105-C4-C-0275

Structure and immersion behavior of plasma-sprayed apatite-matrix coatings

Chern Lin, J H; Ding, S J; Su, Y M; Ju, C P National Cheng Kung University

Biomaterials (UK), v 22, n 8, p 833-845, Apr. 2001

Publication Date: 2001

Publisher: Elsevier Science Ltd., Oxford Fulfillment Centre, P.O. Box 800, Kidlington

. Oxford . OX5 1DX

Country Of Publication: UK

Publisher Url: http://www.elsevier.com

Document Type: Journal Article

Record Type: Abstract Language: English ISSN: 0142-9612

File Segment: Metadex: Engineering Materials Abstracts

Abstract:

... a series of plasma-sprayed coatings from sinter-granulated powders fabricated from SiO sub 2, CaO, P sub 2 O sub 5 and Na sub 2 O-containing HA composite powders.....showed that sinter-granulated apatite-matrix powders were irregularly shaped and appeared quite similar. XRD patterns showed that during fabrication of the powders, P sub 2 O sub 5 and SiO sub 2 enhanced the decomposition of HA structure, while CaO and Na sub 2 O did not. Reasonably high bond strengths (45-50 MPa) were.....different phases. When immersed in SBF, the intensities of such phases as alpha - and beta -TCP in all coatings decreased with immersion time and an apatite precipitation took place on all coating surfaces. The immersed SiO sub 2 - and CaO-containing HA (HSC) coating had the highest rate of apatite precipitation among all coatings. The.....solution reached its maximal Ca concentration the earliest, while the HSCP (HA, SiO sub 2, CaO and P sub 2 O sub 5 -) immersed solution reached its maximum the latest.

Dialog eLink: USP10 Full Text Rendeval Options

27/3,K/18 (Item 2 from file: 23)

DIALOG(R)File 23: CSA Technology Research Database

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0005149376 IP Accession No: WCA108147

HYDRATION REACTIONS IN THE SYSTEM CaO-P2O5-SiO2-(H2OO)

Vanis, P; Odler, I Clausthal, Technical University J.Am.Ceram.Soc., v 79, n 4, p 1124-1126, 1996

Publication Date: 1996

Document Type: Journal Article

Record Type: Abstract

Language: English

File Segment: Ceramics Abstracts/World Ceramic Abstracts

HYDRATION REACTIONS IN THE SYSTEM CaO-P2O5-SiO2-(H2OO)

Abstract:

Highly dispersed powders containing alpha-tricalcium phosphate as the main constituent, produced by a sol-gel process and subsequent heating to at...

Descriptors: Alpha tricalcium phosphate; Ammonium phosphate; Bioceramic; Biomaterial; Calcia; Calcium oxide; Chemical reaction; Compressive strength; Firing temperature; Hardening; Hardness; Hydration; Hydraulic properties; Hydroxyapatite; Mechanical properties; Paste; pH: Phosphorus oxide; Phosphorus pentoxide; Physical properties; Potassium phosphate; Powder synthesis; Reaction product; Setting; Silica; Silicon dioxide; Sodium phosphate; Sol...

Identifiers:

Subj Catg: ...QQ, Medical, dental and veterinary application Material Class:

Dialog eLink: USCAO Fail Fex Scanical Options

27/3,K/19 (Item 3 from file: 23)
DIALOG(R)File 23: CSA Technology Research Database
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0004954851 IP Accession No: WCA106288
FORMATION OF HYDROXYAPATITE ON COMPOSITES IN CaO-P2O5-SiO2-A12O3 SYSTEM BY HYDROTHERMAL TREATMENT

Aizawa, M; Ishikawa, T; Itatani, K; Howell, F S; Kinoshita, M; Kishioka, A Tokyo, Sophia University

Journal of the Ceramic Society of Japan, v 103, n 10, p 992-995, 1995

Publication Date: 1995

Document Type: Journal Article

Record Type: Abstract Language: English ISSN: 0009-0255: 0009-0255

File Segment: Ceramics Abstracts/World Ceramic Abstracts

FORMATION OF HYDROXYAPATITE ON COMPOSITES IN CaO-P2O5-SiO2-

AI2O3 SYSTEM BY HYDROTHERMAL TREATMENT

Abstract:

Nine composite powders in the CaO-P2O5-SiO2-Al2O3 system were prepared by the sol-gel process. Although the as-prepared powders were amorphous, hydroxyapatite (HAp) and tricalcium phosphate (TCP) were formed after heat treatment at 800 to 1300 C. Anorthite (CaAl2Si2O8) was also formed.....5 h. When this composite was hydrothermally treated at 160 C for 24 h, beta-TCP was changed into HAp to form a porous layer about 8 micron in thickness on...

Descriptors: Alumina; Aluminium oxide; Amorphous powder; Anorthite; Beta tricalcium phosphate; Biomaterial; Bulk density; Calcia; Calcium oxide; Calcium phosphate; Composition; Crystalline phase; Densification; Density; Fracture surface; Glass ceramic; Glass-ceramic; Heat treatment; Heating; Hydrothermal processing; Hydrothermal treatment; Hydroxyapatite; Layer thickness; Particle; Particle shape; Phase; Phase formation; Phosphorus oxide; Phosphorus pentoxide; Physical properties; Porous layer; Porous material; Powder; Powder preparation; Processing; Processing temperature; Processing time; Raw...

Identifiers:

Subj Catg: ...QQ, Medical, dental and veterinary application;

Material Class:

Dialog eLink: USP10 Full Test Redieval Options

27/3,K/20 (Item 4 from file: 23)
DIALOG(R)File 23: CSA Technology Research Database
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0004529692 IP Accession No: WCA091891

CERAMICS AND GLASS-CERAMIC MATERIALS FOR BONE IMPLANTS

Medvedev, E F All-Russian Sci.-Res.Inst.of Experimental Physics

Glass and Ceramics, v 50, n 1/2, p 81-85, 1993

Publication Date: 1993

Publisher: Consultants Bureau, 233 Spring St., New York, NY, 10013

Country Of Publication: USA

Publisher Url: http://www.wkap.nl

Document Type: Journal Article Record Type: Abstract

Language: English

ISSN: 0361-7610; 0361-7610

File Segment: Ceramics Abstracts/World Ceramic Abstracts

Abstract:

...include materials with straight-through porosity, which will probably allow for the growth of collagen fibres and the formation of soft-bone matrix. A combination of bioinert and bioactive ceramics may prove to be...

Descriptors: Alumina; Aluminium oxide; Apatite; Artificial bone; Bioactive; Bioceramic; Biocompatibility; Biocompatible; Bioglass; Bioglass ceramic; Bioinert; Biomaterial; Bone; Bone replacement; Bone tissue; Calcia; Calcium oxide; Calcium phosphate; Collagen; Composite; Composition; Development; Glass; Glass ceramic; Glass-ceramic; Hydroxyapatite; Implant; Medical application; Phosphorus oxide; Phosphorus pentoxide; Porosity; Research; Review; Silica; Silicon dioxide; Stall; Technical; Trend; Cis; Russia

Identifiers:

Subj Catg: ...QQ, Medical, dental and veterinary application; Material Class:

Dialog eLink: USP 10 Full Text Retrieval Options

27/3,K/21 (Item 5 from file: 23)

DIALOG(R)File 23: CSA Technology Research Database

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0003646568 IP Accession No: WCA63663
HIGH STRENGTH BIOGLASS CERAMIC CONTAINING Ca2P2O7

F-H, Lin: M-H, Hon TAIWAN, NATIONAL CHENG KUNG UNIVERSITY

J.Aust.Ceram.Soc., v 25, n 1, p 41-49, 1989

Publication Date: 1989

Document Type: Journal Article

Record Type: Abstract

Language: English

File Segment: Ceramics Abstracts/World Ceramic Abstracts

Abstract:

The fabrication of a glass-ceramic, and its **application** as an artificial **bone** prosthetic biomedical material are discussed. This new bioglass ceramic had a composition of 12% Na2O...

Descriptors: Artificial bone; Bioceramic; Biocompatibility; Bioglass ceramic; Biomedical application; Cell culture; Chemical bond; Chemical composition; Compatibility; Compressive strength; Crystal; Crystal phase; Crystal size; Data; Design; Fabrication; Flexural strength; Fracture toughness; Glass; Glass ceramic; Glass phase; Glass-ceramic; Mechanical properties; Microstructure; Nucleation; Phase separation; Prosthetic; Silicate glass; Technical; Testing; Calcium oxide; Calcium pyrophosphate; Phosphorus oxide; Phosphorus pentoxide; Silica; Silicon dioxide; Sodium calcium stilicate; Sodium oxide; Taiwan

Identifiers:

Subj Catg: ...QQ, Medical, dental and veterinary application;MLP, Medical, dental and veterinary application
Material Class:

Materiai Ciass:

27/3,K/22 (Item 1 from file: 35) DIALOG(R)File 35: Dissertation Abs Online (c) 2010 ProOuest Info&Learning, All rights reserved.

01690968 ORDER NO: AAD99-19909

SYNTHESES OF NEAR-NET SHAPED MONOLITHIC HYDROXYAPATITE AND HYDROXYAPATITE-ASTM F75 COMPOSITES BY THE OXIDATION OF SOLID METAL-BEARING PRECURSORS (ASTM F75)

Author: SAW, EADEN Degree: PH.D. Year: 1999

Corporate Source/Institution: THE OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY (0168)

Source: Volume 6002B of Dissertations Abstracts International.

PAGE 794 . 221 PAGES

A novel powder-metallurgical route was used to **fabricate** near net-shaped hydroxyapatite, $Calo(POa)_{K}(OH)_{2....phase-pure HA}$. The reduction in solid volume associated with the oxidation of calcium ($Vm[CaO] \times Vm[Ca]$) was offset by the increase in solid volume associated with the conversion of CaO and CaP2OI-SKIIB- discussed.

Planar reaction couples and powder compacts of CaO-TCP were prepared to study the kinetics for HA formation from CaO-TCP. Pt strips were used in the planar reaction couples as inert markers. These reaction couples......compact analyses fits Carter's model, which indicated that the rate of HA conversion from CaO and TCP is limited by solid state diffusion of Ca 2+ and/or OFI